

### CONSTITUTION OF THE NORFOLK POLISH HERITAGE GROUP

Date of Constitution: 16th March 2018

## 1. NAME

The name of the Charitable Incorporated Organisation (the CIO) is: Norfolk Polish Heritage Group

## 2. LOCATION

The principle office of the CIO is in England.

#### 3 OBJECTS

The Objects of the CIO are:

To develop community involvement with the story of immigrant Polish communities in Norfolk and to strengthen bonds between the people of Norfolk and beyond and the Polish diaspora by involving all ages of the wider community. To create an archive of audio recordings and documents of Polish immigrants to Norfolk in conjunction with the Norfolk Record Office. The people of Norfolk will have a clearer understanding of the critical contribution made by members of the Polish armed forces to the war-effort during WW II. There will be a greater understanding of how Poles who stayed-on in Norfolk - some in re-settlement - camps integrated and intermarried into British society, adding rich cultural diversity. The positive effect that later migratory influxes of Polish nationals have had on the local and national economy through a wide range of occupations and businesses will be more easily accepted by Norfolk people. Greater racial harmony will be result.

#### 4. POWERS

The CIO has the power to do anything which is calculated to further its objects or is conductive or incidental to doing so. In particular, the CIO has the power to:

- a) Borrow money and to charge the whole or any part of its property as a security for the repayment of the money borrowed. The CIO must comply as appropriate with sections 124 and 125 of the Charities Act 2011, if it wishes to mortgage land.
- b) Buy, take on lease or in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire any property and to maintain and equip it for its own use.
- c) Sell, lease or otherwise dispose of all or any part of the property belonging to the CIO. In exercising this power the CIO must comply as appropriate with sections 117 and 119-123 of the Charities Act 2011.
- d) Employ and remunerate such staff as is necessary for carrying out the work of the CIO. The CIO may employ or remunerate a charity trustee only to the extent that it is permitted to do so by clause 6 (Benefits and payments to charity trustees and connected persons) and provide it meets with the conditions of that clause.
- e) Deposit or invest funds, employ a professional fund-manager and arrange for the investments or the property of the CIO to be held in the name of the nominee, in the same manner and to the same conditions as the trustees of a trust are permitted to do by the Trustee Act 2000.

#### 5. APPLICATION OF INCOME AND PROPERTY

- 1) The income and property of the CIO must be applied solely towards the promotion of the objects.
- a) A charity trustee is entitled to be reimbursed from the property of the CIO or may pay out of such property any reasonable expenses properly incurred by him or her when acting on behalf of the CIO.

- b) A charity trustee may benefit from trustee indemnity insurance cover purchased at the CIO's expense in accordance with and subject to the conditions in section 189 of the Charities Act 2011.
- 2) None of the income or property of the CIO may be paid or transferred directly or indirectly by way of dividend, bonus of otherwise by way of profit to any member of the CIO
- 3) Nothing in this clause shall prevent a charity trustee or conne3cted person receiving any benefit or payment which is authorised by clause 6

#### 6. BENEFITS AND PAYMENTS TO CHARITY TRUSTEES AND CONNECTED PERSONS

#### 1. General Provisions

No charity trustee or connected person may:

- a) Buy or receive any goods or services from the CIO on terms preferential to those applicable to members of the public.
- b) Sell goods, services on any interest in land to the CIO
- c) Be employed by or receive any remuneration from the CIO
- d) Receive any other financial benefit from the CIO unless the payment is permitted by subclause (2) of this clause or authorised by the court or the prior written consent of the Charity Commission ("The Commission") has been obtained. In this clause, a "financial benefit" means a benefit, either direct of indirect, which is either money or has monetary value.

# 2. Scope and powers permitting trustees' or connected persons' benefits

- a) A charity trustee or connected person may receive a benefit from the CIO as a beneficiary of the CIO provided that a majority of the trustees do not benefit in this way
- b) A charity trustee or connected person may enter into a contract for the supply of services, or goods that are supplied in connection with the provision of services, to the CIO where that is permitted in accordance with and subject to the conditions in, sections 185 to 188 of the Charities Act 2011.
- c) Subject to clause (3) of this clause a charity trustee or connected person may provide the CIO with goods that are not supplied in connection with the services provided to the CIO by the trustee or connected person.
- d) A charity trustee or connected person may receive interest on money lent to the CIO at a reasonable and proper rate which must not be more than the Bank of England rate (also known as the base rate).
- e) A charity trustee or connected person may receive rent for premises let by the trustee or connected person to the CIO. The amount of rent and the other terms of the lease must be reasonable and proper. The charity trustee concerned must withdraw from any meeting at which such a proposal or the rent or other terms of the lease are under discussion.
- f) A charity trustee or connected person may take part in the normal trading and fundraising activities of the CIO on the same terms as members of the general public.

## 3. Payment for supply of goods only - controls

The CIO and its charity trustees may only rely upon the authority provided by subclause (2)(c) of this clause if each of the following conditions are satisfied:

i. The amount or maximum amount of the payment for the goods is set out in a written agreement between the CIO and the charity trustee or connected person supplying the goods ("the supplier"). The amount or maximum amount of the payment for the goods does not exceed what is reasonable in the circumstances for the supply of the goods in question.

- ii. The amount or maximum amount of the payment for the goods does not exceed what is reasonable in the circumstances for the supply of the goods in question.
- iii. The other charity trustees are satisfied that it is the best interests of the CIO to contract with the supplier rather than with someone who is not a charity trustee or connected person. In reaching that decision the charity trustees must balance the advantage of contracting with a charity trustee or connected person against the disadvantages of doing so
- iv. The supplier is absent from the part of any meeting at which there is a discussion of the proposal to enter into a contract or arrangement with him or her or it with regard to the supply of goods to the CIO.
- v. The supplier does not vote on any such matter and is not to be counted when calculating whether a quorum of charity trustees is present at the meeting
- vi. The reason for their decision is recorded by the charity trustees in the minute book.
- vii. A majority of the charity trustees then in office are not in receipt of remuneration or payments authorised by clause 6.

## 4. In sub-clauses (2) and (3) of this clause:

- a) "the CIO" includes any company in which the CIO
  - i) holds more that 50% of the shares; or
  - ii) controls more than 50% of the voting rights attached to the shares; or
  - iii) has the right to appoint one or more directors to the board of the company;
- b) "connected person" includes any person within the definition set out in clause (30) (interpretation;

#### 7. CONFLICTS OF INTEREST AND CONFLICTS OF LOYALTY

A charity trustee must:

- 1. Declare the nature and extent of any interest, direct or indirect, which he or she has in a proposed transaction or arrangement with the CIO which has not been previously been declared: and
- 2. Absent him or herself from any discussions of the charity trustees in which it is possible that a conflict of interest will arise between his or her duty to act solely in the interests of the CIO and any personal interest (including but not limited to any financial interest).

Any charity trustee absenting him or herself from any discussions in accordance with this clause must not vote or be counted as part of the quorum in any decision of the charity trustees on the matter.

# 8. LIABILITY OF MEMBERS TO CONTRIBUTE TO THE ASSETS OF THE CIO IF IT IS WOUND UP

If the CIO is wound up, the members of the CIO have no liability to contribute to its assets and no personal responsibility for settling its debts and liabilities.

# 9. CHARITY TRUSTEES

# 1) Functions and duties of the charity trustees

The charity trustees shall manage the affairs of the CIO and may for that purpose exercise all the powers of the CIO. It is the duty of each charity trustee:

- a) To exercise his or her powers and to perform his or her functions in his or her capacity as a trustee of the CIO in the way he or she decides in good faith would be most likely to further the purposes of the CIO; and
- b) To exercise, in the performance of those functions, such care and skills as is reasonable in the circumstances having regard to:
  - i) any special knowledge or experience that he or she has or holds himself or herself out as having; and,
  - ii) if he or she acts as a charity trustee of the CIO in the course of a business or a profession, to any special knowledge or experience that it is reasonable to expect of a person acting in the course of that kind of business or profession.

# 2) Eligibility for trusteeship

- a) Every charity trustee must be a natural person
- b) No individual may be appointed as a charity trustee of the CIO:
  If he or she is under the age of 16 years; or
  If he or she would automatically cease to hold office under the provision of clause [12(1)(e)]
- c) No one is entitled to act as a charity trustee whether on appointment or on any re-appointment until he or she has expressly acknowledged, in whatever way the charity trustees decide, his or her acceptance of the office of charity.
- d) At least one of the trustees of the CIO must be 18 years of age or over. If there is no trustee aged at least 18 years, the remaining trustees may only act to call a meeting of the charity trustees, or appoint a new charity trustee.

## 3) Number of charity trustees

- a) There must be at least three charity trustees. If the number falls below this minimum, the remaining trustee or trustees may act only to call a meeting of the charity trustees, or appoint a new charity trustee.
- b) The maximum number of trustees is 10. The charity trustees may not appoint any charity trustee if as a result the number of charity trustees would exceed the maximum.

# 4) First charity trustees

The first charity trustees are as follows and are appointed for the following terms: Mr Adrian O'dell for 3 years

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Mr Richard Minkler for 3 years

Mr Andrew Ebelewicz for 3 years

Mrs Klaudia James for 3 years

Mr Eric Kirk for 3 years

## 10. APPOINTMENT OF CHARITY TRUSTEES

- Apart from the first charity trustees, every trustee must be appointed for a term of three years by a resolution passed at a properly convened meeting of the charity trustees.
- 2) In selecting individuals for appointment as charity trustees, the charity trustees must have regard to the skills, knowledge and experience needed for the effective administration of the CIO.

## 11. INFORMATION FOR NEW CHARITY TRUSTEES

The charity trustees will make available to each new charity trustee, on or before his or her first appointment:

- a) A copy of the current version of this constitution
- b) A copy of the CIO's latest Trustees' Annual Report and statement of accounts.

# 12. RETIREMENT AND REMOVAL OF CHARITY TRUSTEES

- 1) A charity trustee ceases to hold office if he or she:
  - Retires by notifying the CIO in writing (but only if enough charity trustees will remain in office when the notice of resignation takes effect to form a quorum for meetings);
  - b) Is absent without permission of the charity trustees from all their meetings held within a period of six months and the trustees resolve that his or her office be vacated;

- c) Dies;
- d) In the written opinion, given to the company, of a registered medical practitioner treating that person, has become physically or mentally incapable of acting as a trustee and may remain so for more than three months;
- e) Is disqualified from acting as a trustee by virtue of sections 178-180 of the Charities Act 2011 (or any statutory re-enactment or modification of the provision).
- 2) Any person retiring as a charity trustee is eligible for reappointment

## 13. TAKING OF DECISIONS BY CHARITY TRUSTEES

Any decision may be taken either:

- . at a meeting of the charity trustees; or
- . by resolution in writing or electronic form agree by all the charity trustees, which may comprise either a single document or several documents containing the text of the resolution in like form to each or which one or more charity trustees has signified their agreement.

## 14. DELEGATION BY CHARITY TRUSTEES

- 1) The charity trustees may delegate any of their powers or functions to a committee or committees and, if they do, they shall determine the terms and conditions on which the delegation is made. The charity trustees may at any time alter those terms and conditions, or revoke the delegation.
- 2) This power is in addition to the power of delegation in the General Regulations and any other power of delegation available to the trustees, but is subject to the following requirements:
  - a) a committee may consist of two or more persons but at least one member of each committee must be a charity trustee;
  - b) the acts and proceedings of any committee must be brought to the attention of the charity trustees as a whole as soon as is reasonably practicable; and
  - c) the charity trustees shall from time to time review the arrangements which have been made for the delegation of their powers.

## 15. MEETINGS OF CHARITY TRUSTEES

## 1) Calling meetings

- a) Any charity trustee may call a meeting of the charity trustees
- b) Subject to that, the trustees shall decide how their meetings are to be called and what notice is required.

## 2) Chairing of meetings

The charity trustees may appoint one of their number to chair the meetings and may at any time revoke such appointment. If no-one has been appointed, or if the person appointed is unwilling to preside or is not present within 10 minutes after the time of the meeting, the charity trustees may appoint one of their number to chair that meeting.

## 3) Procedure at meetings

- a) No decision shall be taken at a meeting unless a quorum is present at the time when the decision is taken. The quorum is two charity trustees, or the number nearest to one third of the total number of trustees, whichever is greater, or such larger number as the charity trustees may decide from time to time. A charity trustee shall not be counted in the quorum present when any decision is made about a matter upon which he or she is not entitled to vote.
- b) Questions arising at a meeting shall be decided by a majority of those eligible to vote.
- c) In the case of equality of votes, the person who chairs the meeting shall have a second or casting vote.

## 16. MEMBERSHIP OF THE CIO

- 1) The members of the CIO shall be its trustees for the time being. The only persons eligible to be members of the CIO are its charity trustees. Membership of the CIO cannot be transferred to anyone else.
- 2) Any member and charity trustee who ceases to be a charity trustee automatically ceases to be a member of the CIO.

#### 17. INFORMAL OR ASSOCIATE (NON VOTING) MEMBERSHIP

- 1) The charity trustees may create associate or other classes of non-voting membership and may determine the rights and obligations of any such members (including payment of membership fees) and the conditions for admission to and termination of any such class of membership.
- 2) Other references in this constitution to "members" and "membership" do not apply to non-voting members and non-voting members do not qualify as members for any purpose under the Charities Acts, General Regulations or Dissolution Regulations.

#### 18, DECISIONS WHICH MUST BE MADE BY THE MEMBERS OF THE CIO

- 1) Any decision to:
  - a) Amend the constitution of the CIO;
  - b) Amalgamate the CIO with, or transfer its undertaking to, one or more other CIOs, in accordance with the Charities Act 2011; or
  - c) Wind up or dissolve the CIO (including transferring its business to any other charity) must be made by a resolution of the members of the CIO (rather than a resolution of the charity trustees).
- 2) Decisions of the members may be made either:
  - a) by resolution at a general meeting; or
  - b) by resolution in writing, in accordance with sub-clause (4) of this clause.
- 3) Any decision specified in sub-clause (1) of this clause must be made in accordance with the provisions of clause 28 (amendment of constitution), clause 29 (Voluntary winding up or dissolution), or the provisions of the Charities Acts 2011, the General Regulations or the Dissolution regulations as applicable. Those provisions require the resolution to be agreed by a 75% majority of those voting at a general meeting, or agreed by all members in writing.
- 4) Except where a resolution in writing must be agreed by all members, such resolution may be agreed by all the members, such a resolution may be agreed by a simple majority of all the members who are entitled to vote on it. Such a resolution shall be effective provided that:
  - a) A copy of the proposed resolution has been sent to all members eligible to vote;
     and
  - b) The required majority of members has signified its agreement to the resolution in a document or documents which are received at the principle office within the period of 28 days beginning with the circulation date. The document signifying a member's agreement must be authenticated by their signature, by a statement of their identity accompanying the document, or in any such other manner as the CIO has specified.

The resolution in writing may comprise several copies to which one or more members has signified their agreement. Eligibility to vote on the resolution is limited to members who are members of the CIO on the date the proposal is first circulated.

# 19. GENERAL MEETINGS OF MEMBERS

## 1) Calling of general meetings of members

The charity trustees may designate any of their meetings as a general meeting of the members of the CIO. The purpose of such a meeting is to discharge any business which must by law be discharged by a resolution of the members of the CIO as specified in clause 18 (Decisions which must be made by members of the CIO).

## 2) Notice of general meetings of members

- a) The minimum period of notice to hold a general meeting of members of the CIO is 14 days.
- b) Except where a specified period of notice is strictly required by another clause in this constitution, by the Charities Act 2011 or by the General Regulations, a general meeting may be called by shorter notice if it is so agreed by a majority of members of the CIO.
- c) Proof that an envelope containing a notice was properly addressed, prepaid and posted or that an electronic form of notice was properly addressed and sent, shall be conclusive evidence that the notice was properly addressed by a majority of the members of the CIO.

#### Procedures a general meetings of members

The procedures in clause 15(2)-(4) governing the chairing of meetings, procedure at the meetings and participation in meetings by electronic means apply to any general meeting of the members, with all references to trustees to be taken as references to members.

### **20. SAVING PROVISIONS**

- 1) Subject to sub-clause (2) of this clause, all decisions of the charity trustees, or of a committee of charity trustees, shall be valid, notwithstanding the participation in any vote of a charity trustee:
  - . who was disqualified from holding office;
  - . who had previously retired or who had been obliged by the constitution to vacate

the office interest or

. who was not entitled to vote on the matter, whether by reason of a conflict of otherwise:

in the meeting.

If, without the vote of that charity trustees and that charity trustee being counted quorum, the decision has been made by a majority of the trustees at a quorate

2) Sub-clause (1) of this clause does not permit a charity trustee to keep any benefit that may be conferred upon him or her by a resolution of the charity trustees or of a committee of charity trustees if, but for sub-clause (1), the resolution would have been void, or if the charity trustee has not complied with clause 7 (Conflict of interest).

#### 21. EXECUTION OF DOCUMENTS

- 1) The CIO shall execute documents by signature
- 2) A document is validly executed by signature if it is signed by at least two of the charity trustees.

## 22. USE OF ELECTRONIC COMMUNICATIONS

The CIO will comply with the regulations of the Communications Provisions in the General Regulations and in particular:

- a) The requirement to provide within 21 days to any member on request a hard copy of any document or information sent to the member otherwise than in hard copy form;
- b) Any requirement to provide information to the Commission in a particular form or manner.

#### 23. KEEPING OF REGISTERS

The CIO must comply with its obligations under the General Regulations in relation to the keeping of, and provision of access to, a (combined) register of its members and charity trustees.

## 24. MINUTES

The charity trustees must keep minutes of all:

- 1) Appointments of officers made by the charity trustees:
- 2) Proceedings at general meetings of the CIO;
- 3) Meetings of the charity trustees and committees of the trustees including:
  - . the names of the trustees present at the meeting
  - . the decisions made at the meetings: and
  - . where appropriate the reasons for the decisions;
- 4) Decisions of the charity trustees otherwise than in meetings.

# 25. ACCOUNTING RECORDS, ACCOUNTS, ANNUAL REPORTS AND RETURNS, REGISTER MAINTENANCE

- 1) The charity trustees must comply with the requirements of the Charities Act 2011 with regard to the keeping of accounting records, to the preparation and scrutiny of the statements of account, and to the preparation of annual reports and returns. The statements of account, report and returns must be sent to the Charity Commission, regardless of the income of the CIO, within 10 months of the financial year end.
- 2) The charity trustees must comply with their obligation to inform the Commission within 28 days of any change in the particulars of the CIO entered on the Central register of Charities.

## 26. RULES

The charity trustees may from time to time make such reasonable and proper rules or bylaws as they may deem necessary or expedient for the proper conduct and management of the CIO, but such rules or bylaws must not be inconsistent with any provision of this constitution.

#### 27. DISPUTES

If a dispute arises between members of the CIO about the validity or propriety of anything done by the members under this constitution, and the dispute cannot be resolved by agreement, the parties to the dispute must first try in good faith to settle the dispute by mediation before resorting to litigation.

## 28. AMENDMENT OF CONSTITUTION

As provided by sections 224-227 of the Charities Act 2011:

- 1) This constitution can only be amended:
  - a) By resolution agreed in writing by all the members of the CIO; or
  - b) By a resolution passed by a 75% majority of those voting at a general meeting of the members of the CIO called in accordance with clause 19 (general meeting of members).
- 2) Any alteration of clause 3 (objects), clause 29 (voluntary winding up or dissolution), this clause, or any provision where the alteration would provide authorisation for any benefit to be obtained by charity trustees or members of the CIO or persons connected with them, requires the prior written consent of the Charity Commission.
- 3) No amendment that is inconsistent with the provisions of the Charities Act 2011 or the General Regulations shall be valid.
- 4) A copy of every resolution amending the constitution, together with a copy of the CIO's constitution as amended must be sent to the Commission by the end of the period of 15 days beginning with the date of passing of the resolution, and the amendment does not take effect until it has been recorded in the Register of Charities.

## 29. VOLUNTARY WINDING UP OR DISSOLUTION

- As provided by the Dissolution Regulations, the CIO may be dissolved by resolution of its members. Any decision by the members to wind up or dissolve the CIO can only be made:
  - a) At a general meeting of the members of the CIO called in accordance with clause 19 (General meetings of members), of which not less than 14 days' notice has been given to those eligible to attend and vote:
    - i) By a resolution passed by a 75% majority of those voting, or
    - ii) By a resolution passed by decision taken without a vote and without any dissent in response to the question put to the general meeting; or
  - b) By a resolution agreed in writing by all the members of the CIO.
- 2) Subject to the payment of all the CIO's debts:
  - a) Any resolution for the winding up of the CIO, or for the dissolution of the CIO without winding up, may contain a provision directing how any remaining assets of the CIO shall be applied.
  - b) If the resolution does not contain such a provision, the charity trustees must decide how any remaining assets of the CIO shall be applied.
  - c) In either case the remaining assets must be applied for charitable purposes the same as or similar to those of the CIO.
- 3) The CIO must observe the requirements of the Dissolution Regulations in applying to the Commission for the CIO to be removed for the Register of Charities, and in particular:
  - a) the charity trustees must send with their application to the Commission:
    - i) a copy of the resolution passed by the members of the CIO;
    - ii) a declaration by the charity trustees that any debts or other liabilities of the CIO have been settled or otherwise provided for in full; and
    - iii) a statement by the charity trustees setting out the way in which any property of the CIO has been or is to be applied prior to its dissolution in accordance with this constitution .
  - b) the charity trustees must ensure that a copy of the application is sent within seven days to every member and employee of the CIO who was not privy to the application.
  - 4) If the CIO is to be wound up or dissolved in any other circumstances, the provisions of the Dissolution Regulations must be followed.

#### **30. INTERPRETATION**

In this constitution:

## "Connected person" means:

- a) A child, parent, grandchild, grandparent, brother of sister of the charity trustee;
- b) The spouse or civil partner of the charity trustee or any person falling within the sub-clause (a) above;
- c) A person carrying on business in partnership with the charity trustee or with any person falling within sub-clause (a) or (b) above:
- d) An institution which is controlled
  - i) By the charity trustee or any connected person falling within sub-clause (a),(b) or (c) above; or
  - ii) By two or more persons falling within (d)(i), when together
- e) A body corporate in which -
  - The charity trustee or any connected person falling within sub-clause (a) to
     (c) has a substantial interest; or
  - ii) Two or more persons falling within sub-clause (e)(i) who, when taken together, have a substantial interest.

Section 118 of the Charities Act 2011 apply for the purposes of interpreting the terms used in this constitution.